Opioid Epidemic: A National Public Health Emergency
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More than **64,000**
Americans died from
drug overdoses in
2016

US makes up **5%** of the
world’s population, but
consumes **80%** of the
global opioid supply

80% of people who
use heroin first
misused prescription
opioids

Each day in the US,
over **144 people** die as
a result of a drug
overdose

SOURCES: National Survey on Drug Use and Health
Centers for Disease Control & Prevention
Overdosefreepa.pitt.edu
www.drugabuse.gov
**PA Amongst States Hit the Hardest**

4,642 drug-related overdose deaths in PA in 2016. 648 drug-related overdose deaths in Allegheny County alone

PA is among the 10 highest states with the largest opioid use and overdose rates

78% of PA Counties had overdose death rates higher than the national average

(U) Figure 2: Rate of Drug-Related Overdose Deaths per 100,000 people in Pennsylvania Counties, 2016

Source: Pennsylvania Coroner/Medical Examiner Data

SOURCE: Overdosefreepa.pitt.edu
Epidemic Does Not Discriminate by Age or Gender

(U) Figure 15: Gender and Age of Drug-Related Overdose Decedents, Pennsylvania, 2016

Source: Pennsylvania Coroner/Medical Examiner Data
Types of Opioids

Morphine
The first opiate, derived from the poppy plant

Oxycodone
Typically at 1.5x the strength of Morphine. It is the opioid that is included in commonly known pills such as OxyContin and Percocet

Codeine
Often used to treat coughs. This drug is frequently abused by mixing with a flavoured drink to create a party punch

Heroin
An opiate (narcotic) drug processed from morphine and extracted from certain poppy plants. It comes in a white powder, brownish powder or a black sticky substance known as 'black tar heroin'

Fentanyl
This opioid is 50x-100x more potent than morphine. This drug is commonly laced in street opioids and causing the increase in opioid overdose deaths

Carfentanil
10,000x the strength of morphine. It is used as an elephant sedative, but it is beginning to be used to be mixed with Heroin

SOURCE: National Journal: Presentation Center
To stretch their product and lower the cost, dealers are lacing heroin and other drugs (such as marijuana, opioids, cocaine and MDMA) with Fentanyl, a powerful opioid often used for end-of-life pain relief. Fentanyl is 25-50 times stronger than heroin.

Of Overdoses in Allegheny County were from Fentanyl

The Recommended Dosage of Codeine can be Found in “Purple Drank”

Mixture of prescription cold medication with a soda drink (Sprite or Mountain Dew). This combination has a sedative effect and creates a “swooning euphoria” that can result in overdose and death.

Pills per minute can be generated by Pill Presses

Pill presses, which can easily be bought online, allow someone to take powder and press it into a pill that looks like Xanax, oxycodone, etc. You may think you’re ingesting a legitimate painkiller, but it could be a counterfeit pill that contains Fentanyl.

SOURCES: Overdosefreepa.pitt.edu, Prevention Point Pittsburgh, Narconon, CNN, Metro Drug Coalition and DEA: Counterfeit Prescription Pills Containing Fentanyl
Fentanyl Driving Increase in Overdoses

Deaths due to fentanyl overdoses have increased by 540% in the past three years, exceeding those due to heroin.

A breakdown of drug overdose deaths, by year:

* According to the CDC, there is strong evidence of an association between reported fentanyl encounters and fentanyl-involved overdose deaths.

** Drug overdose data due to prescription drugs and fentanyl encounters is not currently available for 2016.

What is the Impact of The Opioid Epidemic?
Opioids Impact to the Labor Participation Rates

$25.6 Billion in costs are estimated to have been incurred to the workplace, in the form of lost earnings and employment.

Overall Cost of the Opioid Epidemic

Altarum analysis

In billions of USD

A recent report published by Altarum, a health care research organization, estimated the cost for 2016 to be around $95 billion.

The report estimates the economic toll of the crisis since 2001 has exceeded $1 trillion and predicts that it will cost another $500 billion by 2020.

What Fraud, Waste and Abuse Schemes Are Driving the Costs?
Opioid Related Fraud, Waste & Abuse Schemes

Pain Cream Scheme
Members are contacted by marketing company, they provide their insurance information and receive packages for pain creams without seeking treatment from a physician.

Urine Drug Tests
Often referred to as ‘liquid gold’ because labs run urine drug screen tests at unreasonable quantities and complexities.

Fraudulent ACA Enrollment
Body Brokers recruit addicts and enroll them in ACA coverage using fraudulent enrollment information like fake addresses, etc.

Over Prescribing Physicians
Monitor for inappropriate Opioid prescribing habits.

Sober Treatment Facilities
Facilities utilize body brokers to recruit addicts and then provide inadequate services to actually address the member’s need.
Additional Steps to Address the Epidemic
Additional Highmark Initiatives to Limit Opioid Abuse

• Limiting prescriptions for opiates to 7 days or less on new prescriptions

• Partnered with Axial to monitor provider prescribing habits

• Cover Medication Assisted Therapy and Clinics such as Methadone
The Designated Pharmacy Program (DPP) focuses on:

- Improving member’s coordination of care through the oversight of one pharmacy
- Decreasing medical and pharmacy costs
- Minimizing fraud, waste, and abuse

Behavioral Changes:

- 22.7% Decrease
  - Fewer prescriptions for controlled substances (65,594)

- 34.8% Decrease
  - Fewer Emergency Department & Urgent Care Visits (17,311)

- 71.6% Reduction
  - Fewer pharmacies used (31,556)

Reduction by Dosage Form (all CSA Schedule II – V):

- 6.8% Reduction
  - Fewer patches* (399 ea.)

- 18.0% Reduction
  - Less liquid medications (44,929 mL)

- 37.9% Reduction
  - Fewer pills/capsules (310,122 ea.)

*There was a 4.4% increase in films & sublingual’s indicating a positive correlation to members taking more medication indicated for the treatment of opioid dependence. These medications also come in patch form.
Educational Approach on Combatting the Opioid Epidemic

**Goal**
- Partner with the DEA, AHN and Gateway to conduct education sessions on the Opioid Epidemic with ASO customers, starting with school districts within or near Allegheny County.
- Education initiative is focused on educating the community on the scope of the epidemic, focus on removing the stigma of addiction, and highlight the vulnerabilities surrounding the epidemic along with ways to get help.

**Achievements**
- More than 4,000 students / faculty have attended to date
  - Butler: Junior High and Senior High Students and Faculty
  - New Castle: Elementary, Junior High and Senior High Students and All Faculty
  - Ferndale: Elementary, Junior High and Senior High Students and All Faculty

**Results**
- Post presentation survey results show attendees scored that they had a stronger, increased awareness around the scope, risk and ways to address the opioid addiction.

**Next Steps**
- Expand the scope of schools into additional territories.
## Committed to Making Healthcare More Affordable, Protecting Our Customers and Impacting Our Communities

Through formal partnerships with federal law enforcement agencies….

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>April, 2017</th>
<th>Department of Justice</th>
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<tr>
<td>A former Penn Hills doctor has been sentenced to five years in federal prison for illegally prescribing drugs and defrauding insurance companies. Dr. Brent E. Clark was guilty of illegal distribution of oxycodone and amphetamine and health care fraud. Clark was ordered to pay nearly $226,000 in restitution and $51,000 in fines.</td>
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<tr>
<th>October, 2017</th>
<th>Penn Live</th>
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<tr>
<td>Dr. A. Zielke is the sole practitioner with Medical Frontiers LLC, a multi-specialty provider with a focus on pain management. FIPR provided information to LE regarding Zielke’s medical and prescription claims. In October 2017, Zielke was indicted on 14 counts for dispensing opioids without examining patients and for illegitimate medical purposes.</td>
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<td>Former Pittsburgh Steelers doctor Richard Rydze was found guilty of conspiring to illegally distribute anabolic steroids, human growth hormone and narcotic painkillers. A federal court jury convicted Mr. Rydze on all 180 counts against him and was sentenced to pay $32,390 in restitution.</td>
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<th>June, 2017</th>
<th>Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA)</th>
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<td>The Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) <strong>honored FIPR with an award for outstanding contribution and performance in assisting during narcotic investigations.</strong> The award was presented during a ceremony at the U.S. Federal Courthouse in Pittsburgh.</td>
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Questions?